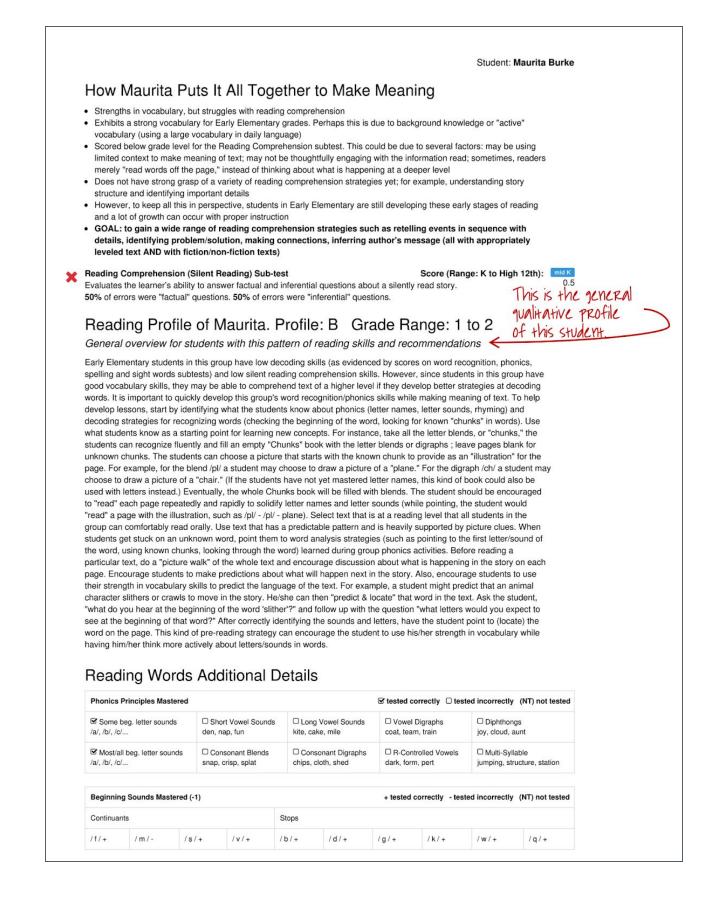


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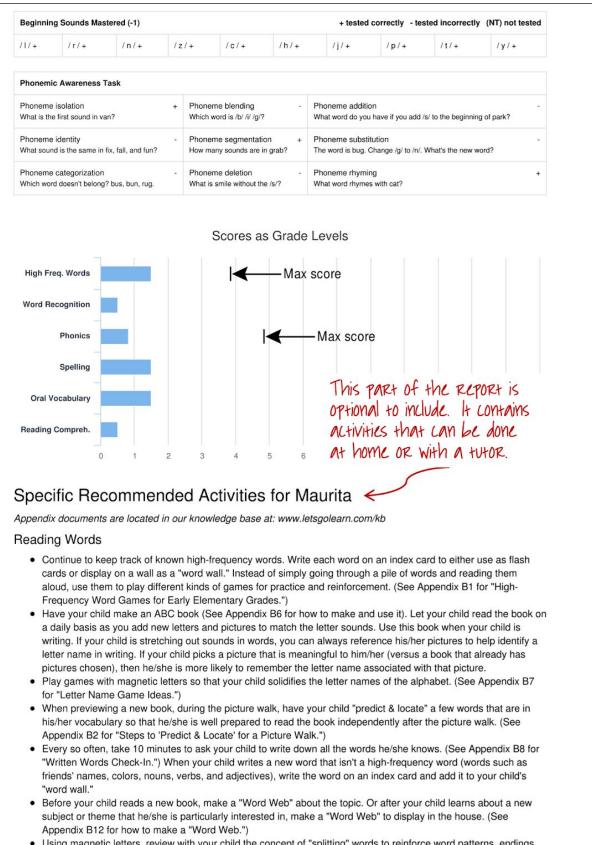
This parent report provides easy-to-understand explanations and offers optional recommended activities for each parent to use at home. These reports are available in Spanish as well.

et's Gelearn	Student	Maurita Burke
DORA® Parent Report	Assessment Date Age	09/25/2017 7 yrs 11 months
	Grade	2
(Diagnostic Online Reading Assessment)	Teacher	JOHNNY ROBERTS
How Maurita Reads Words		
<ul> <li>Can memorize most words seen frequently in stories (i.e., the, at.</li> <li>However with new or unknown words that stand alone (without pibreak apart words into letters, sounds and "chunks" (or smaller p.</li> <li>Interestingly, as an Early Elementary student, struggles with phormanipulating letter sounds/chunks. Growth in this area will help d of words</li> </ul>	cture support or out of context), stil arts of words) nemic awareness skills such as rhy	ming or ationships in parts
<ul> <li>GOAL: to gain strategies to figure out a "tricky" word indepe to make growth in the area of phonemic awareness with prac them</li> </ul>		NET ETTERA
<ul> <li>High-Frequency Word Sub-test</li> <li>Examines the learner's ability to quickly identify frequently occurring</li> </ul>		e: K to High 3rd): mid 1st 1.5
Word Recognition Sub-test Measures the learner's ability to recognize a variety of leveled lists of - Maurita can read words like "never" and "puppy". - Maurita read "grope" for "group" and "looped" for "looked"		e: K to High 12th): Mid K 0.5
<ul> <li>Phonics (Word Analysis) Sub-test</li> <li>Assesses a learner's knowledge of basic phonetic rules and soundir words.</li> <li>43% of errors were "real-word" questions. 57% of errors were "non-</li> </ul>	ng-out skills. This sub-test uses bot	hreal and nonsense 0.83
Phonemic Awareness	Not Tested	
Spelling Sub-test Assesses the learner's spelling skills and reflects his or her exposur - Maurita can spell words like "book". - Maurita spelled "lek" for "lake".		
How Maurita Understands Words	arcas. i.e. Reading Word Words, Putting It All Toget	ds, Understanding
<ul> <li>Strong grasp of grade-appropriate words and meanings</li> <li>Scored at or above grade level for Early Elementary</li> </ul>	Meaning, etc.	ther to Make
<ul> <li>Strength in background knowledge and vocabulary will greatly be</li> <li>GOAL: to continue building background knowledge and experience</li> </ul>		
• Oral Vocabulary (Word Meaning) Sub-test Measures the learner's receptive oral vocabulary skills using leveled	d lists of vocabulary words.	e: K to High 12th): mid 1st 1.5
<ul> <li>Maurita was able to identify the meaning of words like "tools" and '</li> <li>Maurita had trouble distinguishing the meaning of words like "build</li> </ul>		
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- Using magnetic letters, review with your child the concept of "splitting" words to reinforce word patterns, endings, or looking at all the parts of a word. (See Appendix B4 for details about "Splitting.")
- After reading a book (or at the end of a page), if you notice that your child figured out a word independently, be

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sure to give praise for that word. In particular, if you notice your child using letter sounds, chunks, word patterns and/or phonics skills, be sure to point it out. For example, you might say, "On page 6, I noticed that you read – 'I'm in the forest!' cried the little voice. – Were you right? How did you know?" Listen to understand if your child figured out the word "forest" or "voice" by using the picture, checking the first sound in the word, looking through the word, checking the end of the word, etc. Give praise and reinforcement by saying "Yes! That's what good readers do. They check the beginning sound /f/ and get their mouth ready" or "I think your eyes were also looking through the word to see if 'voice' looked right and the sounds matched. That's what good readers do!" or "Good readers think about what is happening in the pictures and think about the story." Do not feel you need to go overboard and talk about every single word your child figured out. Make sure your example is meaningful and specific. (See Appendix B3 for "Reading Behaviors Good Readers Use.")

 After reading a book, have your child sort words based on word patterns read in the book. (See Appendix B13 for directions about "Sorting Word Patterns.")

#### Making Meaning From Text

- Before reading a new text, have a short discussion with your child about the book's topic. The goal is to get him or her to think about what he/she already knows and to provide context for your child to read the book successfully with independence. (See Appendix G1 for "Before Reading Book Cover Talk.")
- Before reading the book, do a "Picture Walk" with your child. The goal is to give your child a preview of what he/she will be reading. You are helping to provide meaning and context for each page, which will aid his/her decoding. (See Appendix G2 for the steps of a "Picture Walk.")
- Before the child reads, read the book yourself and see if there are any new vocabulary words to introduce to him or her to help with understanding the text. (Use Appendix G3 to help you decide which words to use and how to introduce them. See "Before Reading Vocabulary Tips.")
- During reading, every so often, ask your child, "What is happening so far?" to check for comprehension. Observe if
  your child is checking the picture for meaning or if he or she self-corrects to match the meaning of the text. If your
  child is reading silently and reading longer texts, be sure to stop him or her and say, "Tell me what is happening in
  the story" and "Do you have any questions about what is happening?"
- After reading, have a discussion about what your child just read. Let him/her have the opportunity to be the "expert" about the book and talk freely about his/her understanding. Ask clarifying questions when necessary. (See Appendix G4 for "After Reading Discussion Starters.")
- If your child is having difficulty with the above ideas, take the time to back up and focus on one comprehension
  area at a time. For example, perhaps for a few days you will only talk about the settings of the stories. Be sure to
  model how to talk about the setting yourself. Perhaps after reading two short books together, you might say, "This
  book takes place at the park outside. There is a playground with swings and a slide. I think the story takes place
  during the summer because it is hot outside." Then ask your child to talk about the setting in a different book. Once
  your child seems to understand this concept, move on to another reading discussion starter.

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